List of all letters in the Polish language (first uppercase, then lowercase):

A a

Ą ą

B b

C c

Ć ć

D d

E e

Ę ę

F f

G g

H h

I i

J j

K k

L l

Ł ł

M m

N n

Ń ń

O o

Ó ó

P p

R r

S s

Ś ś

T t

U u

W w

Y y

Z z

Ź ź

Ż ż

List of vowels (only lowercase):

a ą e ę i o ó u y

List of sonorants (only lowercase):

j l ł m n ń r

List of other consonants (i.e., those which are not sonorants; only lowercase):

b, c, ć, d, f, g, h, k, p, s, ś, t, w, z, ź, ż

There are 2 zero-syllable words in Polish: w, z.

Always attach them to the word which follows them (both are prepositions).

The length of a syllable is the number of letters which the syllable contains, with the following exceptions:

1. ch, cz, dz, dź, dż, sz, rz (all of them are non-sonorant consonants) represents only one phoneme (i.e., one sound in the syllable)
2. sequences ia, ią, ie, ię, io, ió, iu represent only one phoneme (i.e., “pies” has length 3, “bia-ły” consists of syllables with lengths 2-2), unless the letter i follows r or l (in these cases each letter contributes to the length, e.g. syllables in “Ma-ria” and “Wa-lia” have lengths 2-3)